Texture Mapping

Motivation

Wireframe Model + Lighting & Shading + Texture Mapping

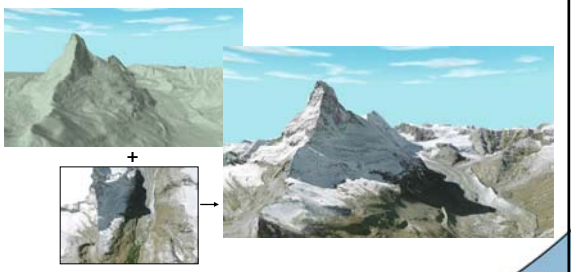
http://www.3drender.com/jbirn/productions.html

towards more realism

Idea

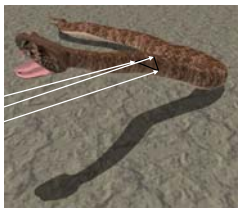
- Add surface detail without raising geometric complexity
- Textures can be images or procedures
- Textures can be 2D or 3D

Examples – Image Textures



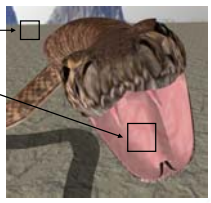
Flytastic II (www.endoxon.ch)

Examples – Image Textures



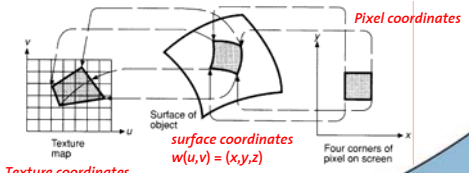
Issues

- Definition of texture coordinates
- Surface parameterization
- Anti aliasing
- Texture filtering
- Level-of-Detail
- Hardware acceleration



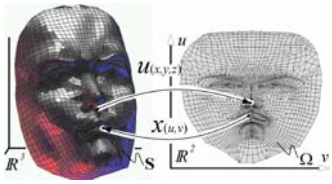
Concept of Texture Mapping

- Find mappings between different coordinate systems
- Invert transformation from texture coordinates to image pixel



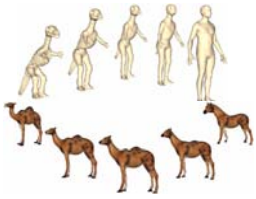
Parameterization

- Find a one-to-one mapping between given surface and 2D parameter domain



Parameterization

- Fundamental concept in graphics
- Many different applications
  - Morphing



Kraevoy, Sheffer: *Cross-Parameterization and Compatible Remeshing of 3D Models*, SIGGRAPH, 2004

Parameterization

- Fundamental concept in graphics
- Many different applications
  - Morphing
  - Compression

Khodakovsky, Schroeder, Sweldens: *Progressive Geometry Compression*, SIGGRAPH, 2000

Parameterization

- Fundamental concept in graphics
- Many different applications
  - Morphing
  - Compression
  - Remeshing

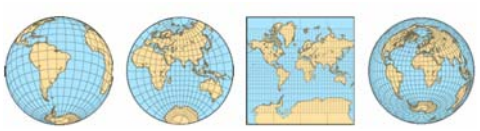
Alliez, Cohen-Steiner, Devillers, Levy, Desbrun: *Anisotropic Polygonal Remeshing*, SIGGRAPH, 2003

Parameterization

- Fundamental concept in graphics
- Many different applications
  - Morphing
  - Compression
  - Remeshing
  - Texture Mapping

Some History

- Cartography



orthographic | stereographic | Mercator | Lambert

stereographic: ↑ preserves angles = conformal

Lambert: ↑ preserves area = equiareal

Floater, Hormann: *Surface Parameterization: A Tutorial and Survey*, Advances in Multiresolution for Geometric Modeling, 2005

Analytical 3D Sufraces

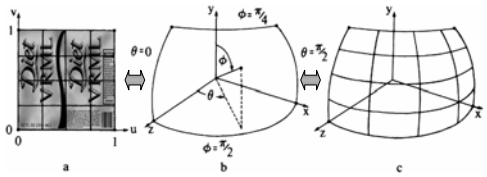
1. Key to texture mapping: ***Parameterization***

$$\begin{bmatrix} s \\ t \end{bmatrix} \rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} x(s,t) \\ y(s,t) \\ z(s,t) \end{bmatrix} \quad \text{sphere:} \quad \begin{bmatrix} \theta \\ \phi \end{bmatrix} \rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} \sin\theta\sin\phi \\ \cos\phi \\ \cos\theta\sin\phi \end{bmatrix}$$

2. Map parameters to texture coordinates

$$\begin{bmatrix} s \\ t \end{bmatrix} \rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} u(s,t) \\ v(s,t) \end{bmatrix} \quad \text{inverse:} \quad \begin{bmatrix} u \\ v \end{bmatrix} \rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} s(u,v) \\ t(u,v) \end{bmatrix}$$

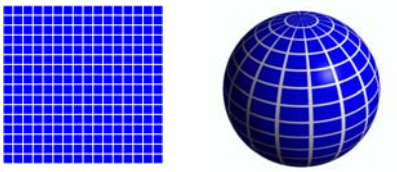
Mapping a texture onto a sphere



- Use linear map

$$\begin{bmatrix} \theta \\ \phi \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} Au + B \\ Cv + D \end{bmatrix} \Rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} \theta \\ \phi \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \pi/2 \cdot u \\ -\pi/4 \cdot v + \pi/2 \end{bmatrix}$$

Example



Desirable Properties

- Low distortion

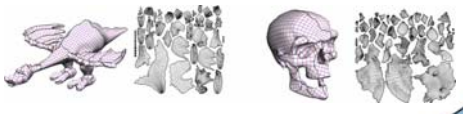
- Bijective mapping

- Efficiently computable

Additional Issues

- Finding cuts

- Texture Atlases



Levy, Petitjean, Ray, Maillot: *Least Squares Conformal Maps for Automatic Texture Atlas Generation*, SIGGRAPH, 2002

Additional Issues

- Constraint Texture Mapping

→ Demo

Texture Map

- Texture map corresponds to parameterization

stretched at nose tip

compressed at nose tip

Tim Weyrich et. al.

Parametrized Triangle Mesh

OBJ Files:

```
v 0.131171 -0.113469 0.178314
v 0.130945 -0.114951 0.182474
v 0.130916 -0.115792 0.185402
…
vt 0.538446 0.4275
vt 0.550132 0.41427
vt 0.546491 0.427631
…
vn 0.609697 0.486474 0.625789
vn 0.799934 0.334347 0.498315
vn 0.942394 0.131824 0.307435
…
f 22/209/22 220/210/220 221/211/221
f 21/213/21 219/214/219 220/210/229
f 253/203/253 219/214/219 21/213/21
…
```

Vertex positions

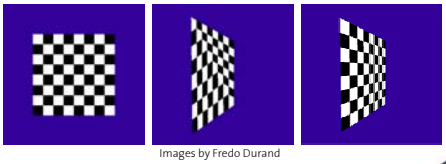
Texture coordinates

Normals

Faces (triangles)
`coordNr/texNr/normalNr`

Rasterization

- From texture coordinates of vertices to texture coordinates of pixels
- Linear interpolation in screen-space (as in Gouraud shading):

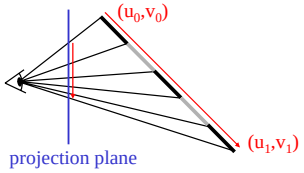


Images by Fredo Durand

texture source | what we get | what we want

Perspective Interpolation

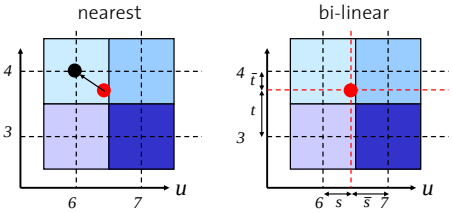
- Linear variation in world coordinates yields non-linear variation in screen coordinates:



- Perspective interpolation implemented in today's graphics cards

Texture Filtering

- (u,v) are real pixel coordinates, e.g. $(6.4, 3.7)$:



$color = map[6,4]$

$color = \bar{s}\cdot\bar{t}\cdot map[6,3] + s\cdot\bar{t}\cdot map[7,3] + \bar{s}\cdot t\cdot map[6,4] + s\cdot t\cdot map[7,4]$

Texture Filtering

nearest

bi-linear

Texture Mapping in OpenGL

```
loadImage(&texture_data);
glGenTextures(1, &texId);
glBindTexture(GL_TEXTURE_2D, texId);
glTexImage2D(GL_TEXTURE_2D, 0, GL_RGB,
    w, h, 0, GL_RGB, GL_UNSIGNED_BYTE,
   texture_data);
…

glBindTexture(GL_TEXTURE_2D, texId);
glBegin(GL_TRIANGLES);
   glTexCoord2f(u0,v0); glVertex(x0,y0,z0);
   glTexCoord2f(u1,v1); glVertex(x1,y1,z1);
   glTexCoord2f(u2,v2); glVertex(x2,y2,z2);
glEnd();
```

$w = 2^n, h = 2^m$

$u, v \in [0 \ldots 1]$

→ Tutor